

NOVA POLYESTER MINERAL NOVA POLYESTER NOVA/V

REINFORCED ELASTOPLASTOMERIC POLYMER-BITUMEN WATERPROOFING MEMBRANE MADE OF DISTILLED BITUMEN PLASTOMERS AND ELASTOMERS

GRANTS *LEED* CREDITS



DESCRIPTION

The **NOVA** membranes are made up of distilled bitumen, selected for industrial use, with elastomeric and plastomeric polymers added to obtain a phase inversion compound whose continuous phase is formed by polymers in which the bitumen is dispersed, where the characteristics are determined by the polymeric matrix and not by the bitumen even though this is the most consistent ingredient. The performance of the bitumen is therefore increased along with the durability and the resistance to high and low temperatures while the already optimum adhesive and waterproofing qualities of the bitumen remain unchanged.

NOVA POLYESTER is reinforced with an isotropic, thermally fixed, rot-proof, "non-woven" single strand spunbond polyester fabric, stabilized with fibreglass mat. The reinforcement is very strong, has a notable ultimate elongation and an optimal resistance to puncture and tearing. MINERAL NOVA POLYESTER is reinforced with an isotropic, thermally fixed, rot-proof, "non-woven" single strand spunbond polyester fabric, stabilized with fibreglass mat. This reinforcement has a high tensile strength, is flexible and has optimal dimensional stability in hot conditions which reduces the problems of the banana effect and the retraction of head lap joints as it is 2 to 3 times more stable than normal reinforcements in "non woven" polyester fabric.

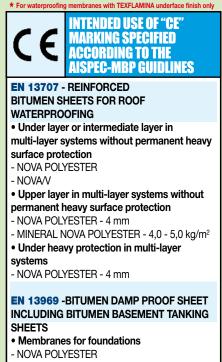
NOVA/V is reinforced with rot-proof fibreglass mat which is strengthened longitudinally and has high dimensional stability properties. The **NOVA POLYESTER** and **NOVA/V** membranes, produced in various thicknesses, have the upper face of the membrane coated with a uniformly distributed, fine serigraphed talc, a patented treatment which makes it possible to guickly unroll the rolls and install the membranes with the reliable and fast welding of the joints. The MINERAL versions, produced in various weights, have the upper face self-protected with hot bonded and pressed slate granules, with the exception of an overlapping side strip, protected by a strip of Flamina film which is torched to weld the joints. The underside of the membranes is coated with Flamina, a plastic film that melts when torched and which is embossed both to obtain the pre-tension and therefore the optimal retraction of the film and also to offer the torch a greater surface area for faster and more reliable installation. When the membrane is dry laid or spot bonded, the embossing diffuses the vapour.

APPLICATION FIELDS

The long lasting strength, elasticity and stability at high and low temperatures make **NOVA POL-YESTER** and **MINERAL NOVA POLYESTER** membranes ideal for use as a single or multilayer waterproofing systems for new building work or for refurbishment:

- On all sloped surfaces: on flat, sloped and curved surfaces.
- On different types of substrates: site-cast or prefabricated concrete substrates, on metal or timber roofing, on the most common thermal insulation used in the building trade.
- For the most varied uses: terraces, flat and sloping roofs, dielectric and acid-proof coatings and walls in contact with the ground.

The high dimensional stability of NOVA/V



EN 13859-1 - UNDERLAY FOR DISCONTINOUS ROOFING

- MINERAL NOVA POLYESTER

makes the membranes suitable for combining with elastomeric, elastoplastomeric and plastomeric membranes reinforced with "non woven" polyester fabric. to form double layer waterproofing systems.

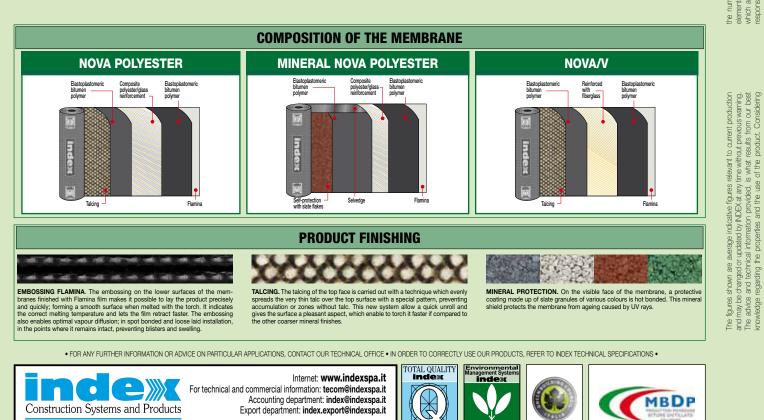




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TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS										
	Standard	т	NOVA POLYESTER		MINERAL NOVA POLYESTER			NOVA/V		
Reinforcement			"Non-woven" Spunbond polyester stabilized with fibreglass		"Non-woven" Spunbond polyester stabilized with fibreglass		Fibreglass			
Thickness	EN 1849-1	±0,2	3 mm	4 mm	-	-	-	2 mm	3 mm	4 mm
Mass per unit area MINERAL	EN 1849-1	±15%	-	-	3.5 kg/m ²	4.0 kg/m ²	4.5 kg/m ²	-	-	-
Roll size	EN 1848-1	≥	1×10 m	1×10 m	1×10 m	1×10 m	1×10 m	1×20 m	1×10 m	1×10 m
Watertightness after ageing 	EN 1928 - B EN 1926-1928	2	60 kPa 60 kPa	60 kPa 60 kPa		60 kPa -		60 kPa -		
Shear resistance L/T	EN 12317-1	-20%	600/400 N/50mm	600/400 N/50mm	-	-		-		
Maximum tensile force L/T • after ageing	EN 12311-1	-20%	700/500 N/50 mm -	700/500 N/50 mm –	700/500 NPD	700/500 N/50 mm NPD		300/200 N/50 mm -		
Elongation after ageing 	EN 12311-1	-15% V.A.	40/45% _	40/45% -	40/45% NPD	40/45% NPD		2/2%		
Resistance to impact	EN 12691 - A		1250 mm	1250 mm	-	-		-		
Resistance to static loading	EN 12730 - A		15 kg	15 kg	-	-			-	
Resistance to tearing (nail shank) L/T	EN 12310-1	-30%	160/200 N	160/200 N	160/200 N	160/200 N		70/70 N		
Dimensional stability L/T	EN 1107-1	£	-	-0.3/+0.1%	-	-0.3/+0.1% -		-		
Flexibility to low temperature	EN 1109	٤	–10°C	–10°C	-10°C	–10°C –10°C				
Flow resist. at high temp. • after ageing	EN 1110 EN 1296-1110	≥ -10°C	120°C 110°C	120°C 110°C		120°C 110°C		120°C 110°C		
Res. to water penetration • after ageing	EN 1928 EN 1296-1928		-	-	W1 W1	W1 W1		-		
UV ageing	EN 1297		-	Test passed	-	-		-		
Reaction to fire Euroclass	EN 13501-1		E	E	E	E		E		
External fire performance	EN 13501-5		F roof	F roof	F roof	F roof		F roof		
Thermal specifications										
Thermal conductivity			0.2 W/mK	0.2 W/mK	0.2 W/mK	0.2 W/mK	0.2 W/mK	0.2 W/mK	0.2 W/mK	0.2 W/mK
Heat capacity			3.90 KJ/K	5.20 KJ/K	4.20 KJ/K	4.80 KJ/K	5.40 KJ/K	2.60 KJ/K	3.90 KJ/K	5.20 KJ/K

Compliant with EN 13707 in terms of the resistance factor to steam penetration for reinforced polymer-bitumen membranes, the value of μ = 20 000 may be considered, unless declared otherwise.



UNI EN ISO 14001

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